FINANCE SECRETARIAT

Grant of special casual leave to Government servants seeking recanalisatien operation

PREAMBLE.—

Government of India have since decided that Government employees who undergo operation for recanalisation may be granted special casual leave for 21 days or actual period of hospitalisation as certified by the authorised medical attendant, whichever is less. The question of extending similar benefits to the State Government servants has been examined.

GOVT ORDER NO. FD 2 SRS 79, BANGALORE DATED 3RD APRIL 1979.

Government of Karnataka are pleased to direct that the rules regulating the grant of Casual Leave to Goverument servants, contained in Annexure 'B' to the Karnataka Civil Services Rules be amended as follows:—

The following shall be inserted as rule (11-BB) below rule (11-B) of the rules regulating the grant of Casual leave to the Government servants contained in Annexure 'B' to the Karnataka Civil Services Rules namely:—

"(1) A Government servant who

(i) is unmarried or

(ii) has less than two children or

(iii) for substantial reasons, e. g. having lost all male children or all female children after Vasectomy/Tubectomy operation performed earlier, desires to undergo recanalisation operation,

may be granted by the Heads of Department, special casual leave upto a period of 21 days or actual period of hospitalisation as certified by the authorised medical attendant, whichever is less. In addition, special casual leave may also be granted for the minimum journey period actually required and spent for to and fro journey performed for under going this operation. The grant of special casual leave shall be further subject to the following conditions :—

(a) The operation should have been performed in a Government Hospital/Medical College Institute where facilities for recanalisation are available.

(b) The request for grant of special casual leave is supported by a Medical Certificate from the Doctor who performed the operation to the effect that hospitalisation of the Government servant for the period stipulated therein was essential for operation and post-operational recovery.

(2) The period of absence in excess of the period of special casual leave admissible in para 1 above, may be treated as such kind of leave as admissible, including ordinary casual leave, and as may be applied for by the Government servant concerned. For the purpose of combining special casual leave with any other kind of leave admissible sundays and other general holidays intervening the period of special casual leave should be taken into account for calculating special casual leave and prefixing of regular leave or casual leave to special casual leave is not admisstible."

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Karnataka,

G. N. HONAVAR,
Under Secretary to Government,
Finance Department.
(Expenditure-IV)